

Ajax-Push for Revolutionary Enterprise Applications

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- Web2.0™
- Multi-user Ajax Demo
- Push for enterprise collaboration
- Asynchronous HTTP on the Wire
- Asynchronous HTTP and the Server
- Developing Asynchronous Applications
- Conclusion







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Web 2.0

A Web by the people, for the people.

Documents on the web increasingly generated by users











- Out of the Information Age, into the Participation Age
- As a whole, the World Wide Web is a collaborative environment, but individual pages are only weakly so
- Are web user interfaces becoming more powerful?
- Is the user an HTTP client?







Ajax

Ajax is a state of mind.

- It was AJAX (Asynchronous JavaScript[™] Technology with XML)
 - or Asynchronous JavaScript technology with XMLHttpRequest
 - now it's Ajax (not an acronym) because many different techniques satisfied the same goals
 - coined by Jesse James Garrett in 2005 to sell an insurance company on re-writing all their software
- Is the web defined by the W3C or by browser implementers? (Ajax does not exist in W3C universe yet.)
- Ajax decouples user interface from network protocol
- Ajax is the leading edge of the user interface possible with current popular browsers
- The user experience is important







The Asynchronous Web Revolution

The Web enters the Participation Age.

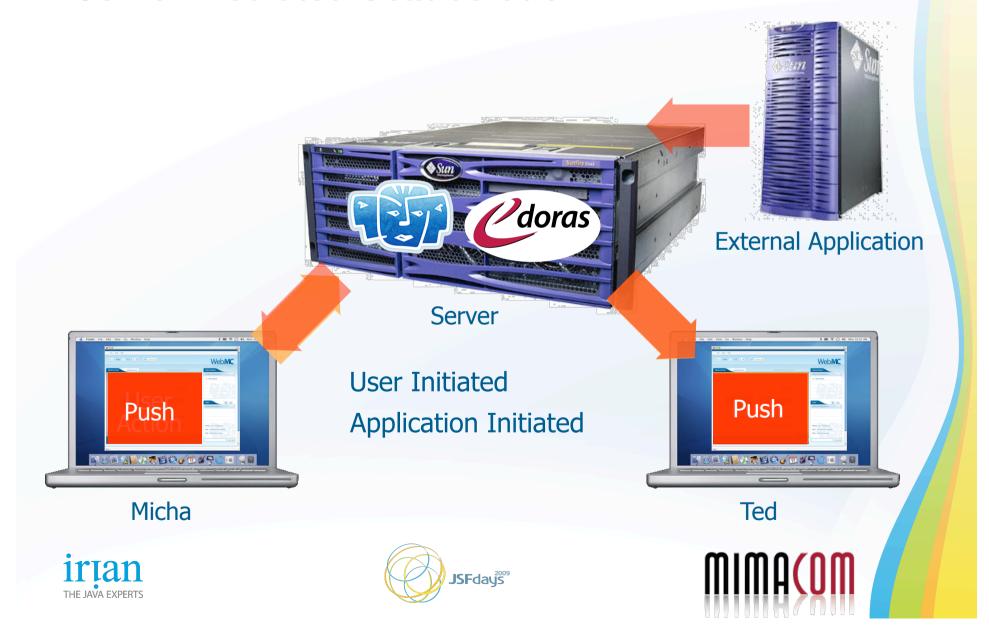
- Ajax is still typically synchronous with user events
- Full asynchrony has updates pushed from server any time
- Update pages after they load
- Send users notifications
- Allow users to communicate and collaborate within the web application
- Called "Ajax Push", "Comet", or "Reverse Ajax"
 - This is the full realization of Ajax, now fully asynchronous







Server-mediated Collaboration



Applications in the Participation Age

Application-mediated communication.

- Distance learning
- Collaborative authoring
- Auctions
- Shared WebDAV filesystem
- Blogging and reader comments
- SIP-coordinated mobile applications
- Hybrid chat/email/discussion forums
- Customer assistance on sales/support pages
- Multi-step business process made collaborative
- Shared trip planner or restaurant selector with maps
- Shared calendar, "to do" list, project plan
- Enterprise shared record locking and negotiation
- Games









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Asynchronous Ajax Demo

GlassFish/Grizzly with ICEfaces WebMC



http://webmc.icefaces.org







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Didn't we have that already?

Push-mechanisms in Rich-Clients

- Rich-Clients connected to the server in a keep-alive manner
- Full Java-API is available within the client for networking and eventhandling
- Server can push an event to the client any time
 - Either by having the client polling for events (optionally combined with a heart-beat, ping-like request)
 - Or by callback from the server
- Since the technology behind is well-known and transparent, its easy to use push for collaborative features and updating mechanisms
- Rich-Clients were always claimed to support push-features







Showcase for Push

Features

- Collaboration through editing and pessimistic locking
- A list of Person objects which may be edited and created
- With pessimistic locking, a lock-object must be obtained before the object is editable
- If the lock is held by another user, it should be possible to notify him so he can release the lock
- When data is changed, all views should be automatically updated







Showcase for Push

Features using Rich-Client Push or Ajax Push

- With Ajax, people stay longer on the same page, hence automatic page update is needed
- As the Web gets more and more social, collaborative tasks come in place
- Updating and collaboration are inherently asynchronous and need some push-mechanism to be fulfilled
- The next demo shows the collaborative features of the richclient in an Ajax Push web-environment



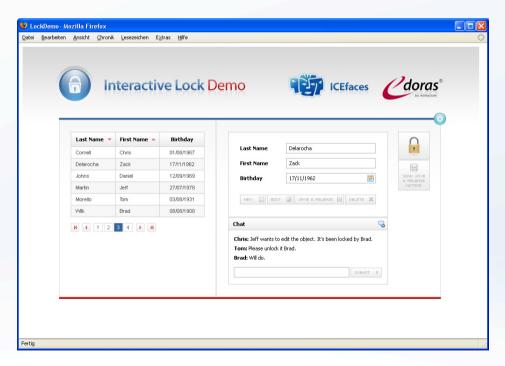




Showcase for Push

Features using Rich-Client Push or Ajax Push

- Push in a Web-Client (Demo)
 - Automatically updating changed / added / removed data sets
 - Collaborative notifications in the context of pessimistic locking









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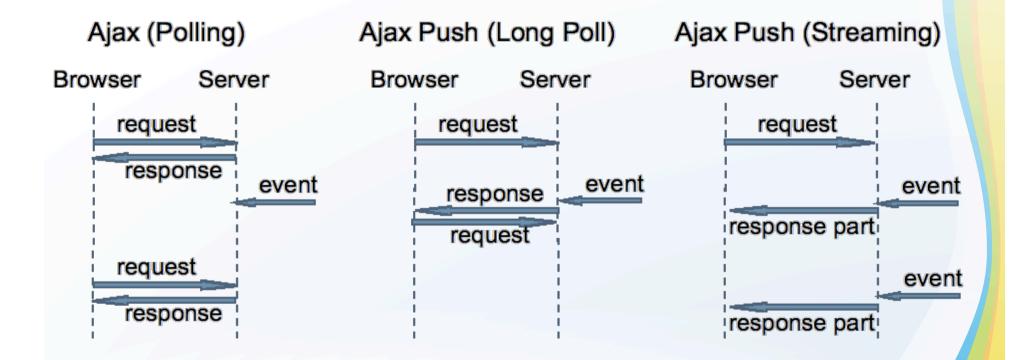






Ajax Poll vs Ajax Push

Bending the rules of HTTP.









Bayeux / Cometd

JSON Pub/Sub.

- JSON Messages are published on specified channels
- Channel operations: connect, subscribe, unsubscribe, etc.
- Multiple transports: polling, long-polling, iframe, flash
- Server implementations: Perl, Python, Java™ programming language
- Server-side reflector with no server-side application possible







Ajax Push

HTTP message flow inversion.

GET /auctionMonitor/block/receive-updates?icefacesID=1209765435 HTTP/1.1

Accept: */*

Cookie: JSESSIONID=75CF2BF3E03F0F9C6D2E8EFE1A6884F4

Connection: keep-alive

Host: vorlon.ice:18080

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Type: text/xml;charset=UTF-8

Content-Length: 180

Date: Thu, 27 Apr 2006 16:45:25 GMT

Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1

```
<updates>
```

<update address="_id0:_id5:0:chatText">

Howdy

</update>

</updates>







Chat message "Howdy"

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Servlet Thread Catastrophe

Strangled by a thread for every client.

GET /updates HTTP/1.1 Connection: keep-alive GET /updates HTTP/1.1 Connection: keep-alive GET /updates HTTP/1.1 Connection: keep-alive



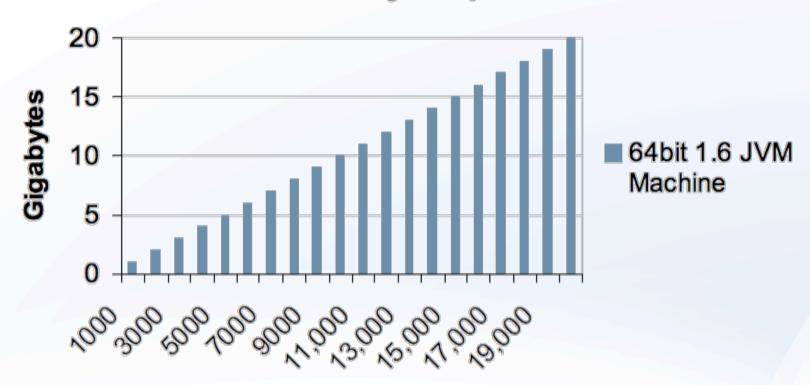




Architecture Challenges

The serious effect of blocking threads.

Stack Memory Requirements









Jetty

service() will resume shortly.

Asynchronously and elsewhere in the application ...

```
message.setValue("Howdy");
continuation.resume();
```







Tomcat 6

Eventful Comet.

Asynchronously and elsewhere in the application ...

```
message.setValue("Howdy");
response.getWriter().write(message);
event.close();
```







GlassFish

Suspend with Grizzly

```
CometContext context =
          CometEngine.getEngine().register(contextPath);
      context.setExpirationDelay(20 * 1000);
      SuspendableHandler handler = new SuspendableHandler();
      handler.attach(response);
      cometContext.addCometHandler(handler);
  class SuspendableHandler implements CometHandler
      public void onEvent(CometEvent event) {
         response.getWriter().println(event.attachment());
         cometContext.resumeCometHandler(this);
Asynchronously and elsewhere in the application ...
  message.setValue("Howdy");
  cometContext.notify(message);
```







Servlet 3.0

Future Asynchronous Standard.

- Defined by JSR-315 Expert Group
- DWR, Jetty, Tomcat, GlassFish project, and ICEfaces participants
- Standard asynchronous processing API being defined
 - Asynchronous I/O
 - Suspendible requests
 - Delivery guarantee not included
- Will improve portability of DWR, Cometd, and ICEfaces
- (But unless you write Servlets today, this API will be hidden by your chosen Ajax framework.)







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JavaScript Polling

Are we there yet? Are we there yet? Are we there yet? ...

```
function poll() {
    setTimeout('poll()', 10000);
    req = new XMLHttpRequest();
    req.onreadystatechange = update();
    req.open("POST", "http://server/qetMessage.jsp");
}

function update() {
    chatLog.innerHTML = req.responseText;
}

poll();
```







Cometd

Distributed, loosely coupled, scripting

```
function update(message) {
                                                       JavaScript
    chatLog.innerHTML = message.data.value;
    cometd.subscribe("chat", remoteTopics, "update")
    cometd.publish("chat", message)
                                                            Java
  import dojox.cometd.*;
  Channel channel = Bayeux.getChannel("chat", create);
  channel.subscribe(client);
Asynchronously and elsewhere in the application ...
  message.setValue("Howdy");
  channel.publish(client, message, "chat text");
```







DWRJavaScript RPC

```
import org.directwebremoting.proxy.dwr.Util;

scriptSessions =
   webContext.getScriptSessionsByPage(currentPage);
   util = new Util(scriptSessions);
```

To "Reverse Ajax" and invoke arbitrary JavaScript:

```
util.addScript(ScriptBuffer script);
```

Asynchronously and elsewhere in the application ...

```
util.setValue("form:chat:_id3", "Howdy");
```







ICEfaces

Preserve MVC with Transparent Ajax.

PageBean.java

```
public class PageBean {
   String message;

public String getMessage() {
    return message;
}

public void setMessage(String message) {
    this.message = message;
}
```

Page.xhtml

Presentation Model

Declarative User Interface

A language for Ajax Push that preserves Designer and Developer roles







ICEfaces

High level push.

```
import org.icefaces.application.SessionRenderer;
```

To update all users in the application:

```
SessionRenderer.render(SessionRenderer.ALL SESSIONS);
```

Or to keep track of groups of users:

```
SessionRenderer.addCurrentSession("chat");
```

Asynchronously and elsewhere in the application ...

```
message.setValue("Howdy");
SessionRenderer.render("chat");
```

The JSF lifecycle runs and each user's page is updated from the component tree and current model state.



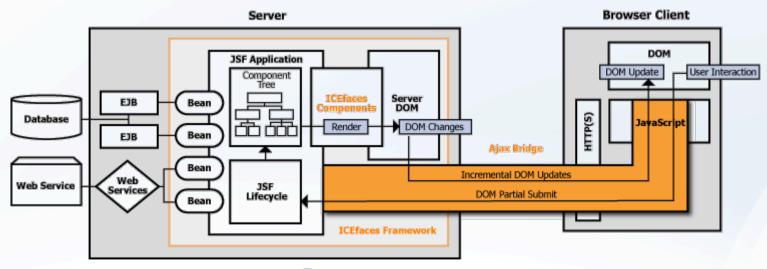




ICEfaces

Incremental updates

- Component-tree is maintained server-side
- Ajax or Ajax-Push (postback) invokes normal JSF lifecycle
- After Render Response phase, only incremental updates to the DOM-tree are sent back to client









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Summary

The Asynchronous Web Revolution is Now

- The Asynchronous Web will revolutionize human interaction
- Ajax Push is the key to enterprise collaboration for the Web
- Push can scale with Asynchronous Request Processing
- ICEfaces (<u>www.icefaces.org</u>) and edoras (<u>www.edorasframework.org</u>) provide the high-level capabilities for enterprise collaboration features in your application

Any Questions?

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